Date

Master 4.20 Extra Practice 1

Lesson 4.1: Writing Equations to Describe Patterns

- 1. In each equation, determine the value of A when n is 3. a) A = 2n + 1b) A = 3n - 2c) A = 4n + 3d) A = 30 - 2n
- 2. The pattern in this table continues. Which equation below relates the figure number *n*, to the perimeter of the figure *P*?

Figure Number, <i>n</i>	Perimeter, P
1	7
2	10
3	13
4	16

a)
$$P = 3n + 7$$
b) $P = 7n + 3$ c) $P = 3n + 4$ d) $n = 3P + 7$

- **3.** The pattern in each table below continues. For each table:
 - i) Describe the pattern that relates *v* to *t*.
 - ii) Write an equation that relates v to t.
 - iii) Verify your equation by substituting values from the table.

a)	Term Number, t	Term Value, <i>v</i>	b)	Term Number, t	Term Value, <i>v</i>
	1	8		1	34
	2	13		2	31
	3	18		3	28
	4	23		4	25

- 4. Rachel takes care of homes during the summer while their owners are away on vacation. She charges \$8, plus \$2.50 a day.
 - a) Create a table that shows the charges when the owners are away for up to 5 days.
 - **b**) Write an equation that relates the charge, *C* dollars, to the number of days, *n*, that the owners are away.
 - c) What will the charge be when the owners are away for 14 days?
 - d) How many days were the owners away when the charge was \$33?

Master 4.21

Extra Practice 2

Lesson 4.2: Linear Relations

- **1.** For each table of values below:
 - i) Does it represent a linear relation?
 - ii) If the relation is not linear, explain how you know.
 - iii) If the relation is linear, describe it.

a)	x	у	b)	x	у	c)	x	у	d)	x	у
	1	5		1	1		4	11		-2	-12
	2	12		3	3		2	14		-1	-5
	3	19		5	7		0	17		0	0
	4	26		7	13		-2	20		1	3
	5	33		9	21		-4	23		2	4

2. Each table of values represents a linear relation. Complete each table. Explain your reasoning.

a)	x	у	b)	x	у	c)	x	у
	1			1			4	
	2			3	3		2	14
	3	14		5	-1		0	19
	4	18		7			-2	
	5			9			-4	

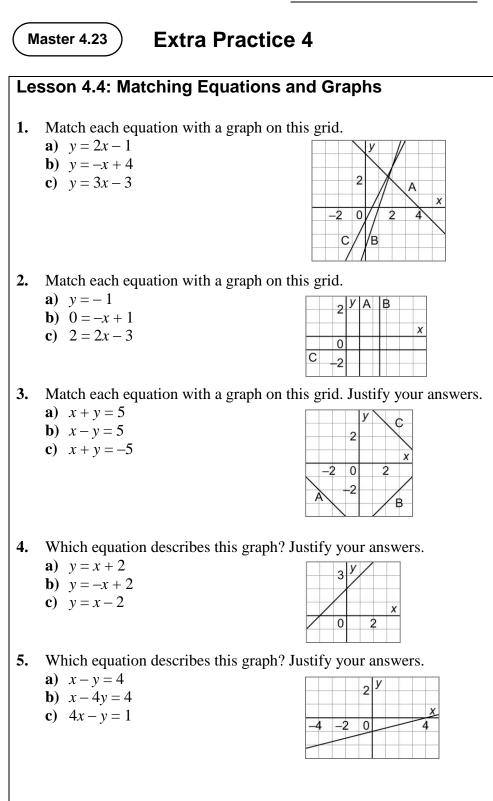
3. Create a table of values for each linear relation and then graph the relation. Use values of x from -2 to 2.

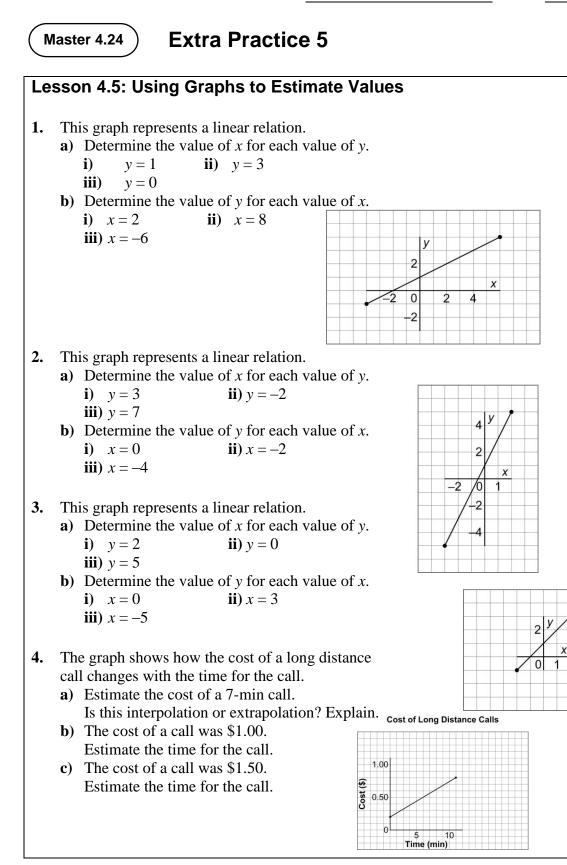
a) y = x + 4 **b)** y = 2x + 1 **c)** y = 5 - 2x

- 4. A computer repair company charges \$80 for a service call, plus \$50 an hour for labour.
 - a) Create a table to show the relation between the time in hours for the service call and the total cost.
 - **b**) Is this relation linear? Justify your answer.
 - c) Let *n* represent the time in hours for the service call and *C* represent the total cost in dollars. Write an equation that relates *C* and *n*.
 - d) How much will a 7-h service call cost?

Extra Practice 3 Master 4.22 Lesson 4.3: Another Form of the Equation for a Linear Relation **1.** Does each equation describe a vertical, a horizontal, or an oblique line? Describe each vertical or horizontal line. **a**) v = 4**b**) 2x + 5 = 7**d**) 3y + 9 = 0c) 2x - y = 62. Which equation below describes each graph? a) b) 3 9 2 1 x X -2 0 2 -3 0 2 -2 -2 **i**) x = 2**ii**) x = -2**iii**) y = 2 **iv**) y = -23. The sum of two numbers is 8. Let *x* and *y* represent the two numbers. a) Create a table for 5 different values of x. **b**) Graph the data. Should you join the points? c) Write an equation that relates x and y. **4.** Graph each line. Explain your work. **a**) x = 4**b**) 2y = 6**d**) 2x + 3 = 8c) y - 2 = -6For each equation below: 5. • Make a table for the given values of *x*. • Graph the equation. a) 3x + y = 3; for x = -2, 0, 2**b**) x - 2y = 8; for x = -2, 0, 26. a) Graph these equations on the same grid. v = 1x - y = -6x + y = 6**b**) Which shape is formed by these lines?

Date





Master 4.25

Extra Practice Sample Answers

2.

Extra Practice 1 – Master 4.20

Lesson 4.1

- **1.** a) 7 b) 7 c) 15 d) 24
- **2.** The correct equation is P = 3n + 4.
- **3.** a) i) The first term is 8 and as *t* increases by 1, *v* increases by 5.
 - **ii)** v = 5t + 3
 - b) i) The first term is 34 and as *t* increases by 1, *v* decreases by 3.
 ii) *v* = 37 3*t*

4.	a)
	~,

Number of Days Away, <i>n</i>	Charge, C (\$)
1	10.50
2	13.00
3	15.50
4	18.00
5	20.50

b) C = 2.5n + 8

- **c)** \$43
- **d)** 10 days

Extra Practice 2 – Master 4.21

Lesson 4.2

- 1. a) i) Yes
 - iii) As x increases by 1, y increases by 7.b) i) No
 - ii) As x increases by 2, y does not increase by a constant number.
 - c) i) Yes
 - iii) As x decreases by 2, y increases by 3.
 - **d) i)** No
 - ii) As x increases by 1, y does not increase by a constant number.

a)	x	у	b)
	1	6	
	2	10	
	3	14	
	4	18	
	5	22	

c)	x	у
	4	9
	2	14
	0	19
	-2	24
	-4	29
	•	•

a) As x increases by 1, y increases by 4.

х

3 3

5 -1

7 -5

9 -9

у

1 7

b) As *x* increases by 2, *y* decreases by 4.

c) As x decreases by 2, y increases by 5.

х

-2

-1

0

1

2

У

-3

-1

1

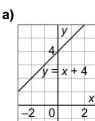
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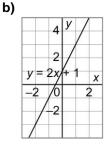
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b)

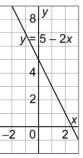












Master 4.26

Extra Practice Sample Answers

4. a)

Total Cost, C (\$)
130
180
230
280

- **b)** Yes, as the time in hours increases by 1, the total cost increases by \$50.
- **c)** C = 50n + 80
- **d)** \$430

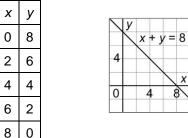
Extra Practice 3 – Master 4.22

Lesson 4.3

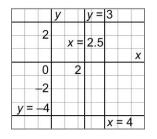
- **1.** a) The graph is a horizontal line that intersects the *y*-axis at 4.
 - **b)** The graph is a vertical line that intersects the *x*-axis at 1.
 - c) The graph is an oblique line.
 - **d)** The graph is a horizontal line that intersects the *y*-axis at -3.

2. a)
$$y = 2$$
 b) $x = -2$

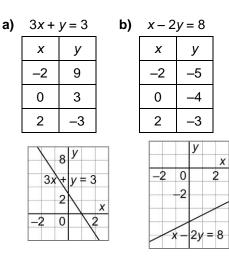
3. a) Tables may vary.



- **b)** Yes, the points should be joined because *x* and *y* can have any value between the plotted points.
- **c)** x + y = 8
- **4. a)** A vertical line that intersects the *x*-axis at 4
 - **b)** A horizontal line that intersects the *y*-axis at 3
 - c) A horizontal line that intersects the *y*-axis at -4
 - **d)** A vertical line that intersects the *x*-axis at 2.5









a)

x + y = 6		 x – y =	=6
x	У	x	у
0	6	-4	2
2	4	-2	4
4	2	0	6

b) An isosceles triangle

Extra Practice 4 – Master 4.23

Lesson 4.4

1.	a) Graph C	b) Graph A	c) Graph B
2.	a) Graph C	b) Graph A	c) Graph B

Name	Date
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Extra Practice 4 continued...

- **3.** Students should make tables of values, or choose points on each line, then substitute coordinates in each equation.
 - a) Graph C b) Graph B
 - c) Graph A
- 4. Students should make tables of values, or choose points on each line, then substitute coordinates in each equation.

y = x + 2

5. x - 4y = 4

Extra Practice 5 – Master 4.24

Lesson 4.5

- 1. a) i) x = 0ii) x = 4iii) x = -2b) i) y = 2ii) y = 5iii) y = -2
- 2. a) i) x = 1 ii) x = -1.5iii) x = 3b) i) y = 1 ii) y = -3iii) y = -7
- **3.** a) i) x = 1 ii) x = -1iii) x = 4b) i) y = 1 ii) y = 4
 - iii) y = -4
- **4. a)** Approximately \$0.56. This is interpolation because I am reading a data point that lies between the plotted points.
 - b) Approximately 13 min
 - c) Approximately 22 min